

```
METRICS
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First Contentful Paint
Largest Contentful Paint

1.6 s
4.7 s

Total Blocking Time
Cumulative Layout Shift

0 ms
0

Speed Index
2.8 s

View Tr	eemap													
	Free shippi	ing on orders over ¥9,!	Free shi	pping on orders over ¥9,	Free sh	ipping on orders over ¥9,!	Free	shipping on orders over ¥9,	Free	shipping on orders over ¥9,	Free	e shipping on orders over ¥9,	F	ree shipping on orders over ¥9,5
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Show audits relevant to: All <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u> <u>TBT</u>

Expand view

DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 4,720 ms	^
This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element [LCP]	

img		
Phase	% of LCP	Timir
TTFB	13%	620 m
Load Delay	51%	2,400 m
Load Time	20%	940 m
Render Delay	16%	760 m
	paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring erender-blocking resources. FCP [LCP]	all non-criti
URL	Transfer Size	Potent Savin
myshopify.com 1st Party	11.0 KiB	260 n
assets/base.css?v=183598	57 (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) 11.0 KiB	260 r
Serve static assets with an effi	cient cache policy – 2 resources found	
	up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.	
	up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u> . Cache TTL	
long cache lifetime can speed	Cache	Trans Si 626 K
URL Myshopify.com	Cache	Si 626 K
URL URL myshopify.com <u>1st Party</u> murecho/murecho_n6.9df5	Cache TTL 5accwoff2?h1= (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com)	Si

URL		Potential Savings	
myshopify.c	om (1st Party)	0.1 KiB	
assets/sl	nop_events_listener-61fa9e0js (theme-rise- opify.com)	0.1 KiB	
shop_	_events_listener3515985a8cd626.js:1 @babel/plugin-transform- classes		
Avoid an exc	essive DOM size – 1,310 elements	^	
	ill increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u> , and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u> . <u>L</u> sive DOM size. (TBT)	<u>earn how to</u> .	
Statistic	Element		
Total DOM Elements			
Maximum DOM Depth	path		
Maximum Child Elements			
	div#shopify-section-sections21605978439702_header.shopify-section.shopify-section-gro	up-header-group	o.section-
Initial server	response time was short – Root document took 130 ms	^	
	r response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn mo</u>	re about the	
URL	Т	ime Spent	
myshopify.c	om 1st Party	130 ms	
/en (theme-	rise-demo.myshopify.com)	130 ms	

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	URL	Transfer Size
	c1.en/VaultedPayment.C5tm6r3C.js (cdn.shopify.com)	39.6 KiB
	c1.en/OnePage.D8L5y3bW.js (cdn.shopify.com)	35.8 KiB
	c1.en/index.B3k9Dh9S.js (cdn.shopify.com)	25.4 KiB
0	Avoid chaining critical requests – 19 chains found	~

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.

Maximum critical path latency: 765.333 ms

Initial Navigation

/en (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com)

...assets/base.css?v=1835957... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 138.344 ms, 11.02 KiB

...assets/component-slideshow.css?v=4156838... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 141.218 ms, 1.77 KiB

...assets/component-loading-spinner.css?v=1167249... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 141.394 ms, 1.35 KiB

...assets/section-image-banner.css?v=1043712... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 139.322 ms, 2.24 KiB

...assets/component-card.css?v=7510810... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 150.538 ms, 2.70 KiB

...assets/component-slider.css?v=1403931... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 143.154 ms, 2.21 KiB

...assets/component-price.css?v=7017274... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 150.727 ms, 1.45 KiB ...assets/template-collection.css?v=5855820... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 155.859 ms, 1.37 KiB

...assets/component-rating.css?v=1795777... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 156.552 ms, 1.35 KiB

...assets/component-volume-pricing.css?v=5628470... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 156.558 ms, 1.31 KiB

...assets/component-image-with-text.css?v=1326047... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 156.889 ms, 2.29 KiB

...assets/section-collection-list.css?v=7086327... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 165.044 ms, 1.22 KiB

...assets/component-article-card.css?v=4710507... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 169.973 ms, 1.44 KiB

...assets/section-featured-blog.css?v=3662998... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 164.337 ms, 1.29 KiB

...assets/section-footer.css?v=6139061... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 164.067 ms, 2.38 KiB

...assets/component-newsletter.css?v=4727253... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 163.506 ms, 1.33 KiB

...assets/component-list-menu.css?v=1519685... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 162.412 ms, 1.14 KiB ...assets/component-list-payment.css?v=6925396... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 162.354 ms, 1.10 KiB

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...assets/component-list-social.css?v=3579297... (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com) - 165.484 ms, 1.15 KiB

○ JavaScript execution time - 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. [TBT]

URL	Total CPU	Script	Script
	Time	Evaluation	Parse
myshopify.com 1st Party	810 ms	198 ms	16 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Scri Pars
/en (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com)	629 ms	52 ms	10 n
internal/preloads.js?locale=en-JP (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com)	113 ms	91 ms	0 n
wpm/bf89442e3w5976a1a5pcc3547ffmf63603f5m.js (theme-rise- demo.myshopify.com)	67 ms	54 ms	6 n
Unattributable	347 ms	6 ms	0 n
Unattributable	347 ms	6 ms	0 n
Minimizes main-thread work – 1.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)	u may find deliver	ring smaller JS pay	/loads he
Category			Time Spe
Other			620 r
Script Evaluation			304 r
Style & Layout			268 r
Parse HTML & CSS			60 r
Script Parsing & Compilation			31 n
Rendering			28 n
Garbage Collection			3 r
Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread	l for 0 ms		
Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the numb load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn h			
Third-Party	Transfe		ad Blockii Tir
Shopify Hosting	620 KiE		0 n

Shopify Hosting	620 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/app.BkEmIGpo.js (cdn.shopify.com)	367 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/VaultedPayment.C5tm6r3C.js (cdn.shopify.com)	40 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/OnePage.D8L5y3bW.js (cdn.shopify.com)	36 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/index.B3k9Dh9S.js (cdn.shopify.com)	25 KiB	0 ms
assets/app.DOrpuWPJ.css (cdn.shopify.com)	23 KiB	0 ms

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
c1.en/DeliveryMethodSelectorSection.VbUVKpfl.js (cdn.shopify.com)	21 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/polyfills.legWBDja.js (cdn.shopify.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/component- ShopPayVerificationSwitch.D_RnEypc.js (cdn.shopify.com)	8 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useGooglePaySdk.DmvebCCQ.js (cdn.shopify.com)	6 KiB	0 ms
v0.1/consent-tracking-api.js (cdn.shopify.com)	5 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/DutyOptions.BTSdyV-I.js (cdn.shopify.com)	5 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/PayButtonSection.BzWhpSwR.js (cdn.shopify.com)	5 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/hooks.C7f3mp9y.js (cdn.shopify.com)	4 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useAmazonContact.D0-hyW6w.js (cdn.shopify.com)	4 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/context.ChvYFli7.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/SubscriptuUtFyjF7.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
 assets/DeliveryMethodSelectorSection.DNerkzQV.css (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/ShopPayLoginLoader.DIVVukuo.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/index.wylasRxV.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/PickupPoiC_XJ8Fdl.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
files/rise_1_x320.svg?v=171 (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/Rollup.chenPVTX.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/ShopPayLogo.DHhPX69g.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/publishMessage.JdgJjmor.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
assets/VaultedPayment.Bk8Je7sl.css (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/Section.D9iZYdUL.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/MarketsPrN6XQG6jY.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useShowShopPayOptin.CgwFHRot.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/StockProbDAmt6GVm.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
assets/OnePage.BL1uXB7css (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
assets/DutyOptions.CtZGmwZL.css (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useUnauthenticatedErrorModal.BbPp- CMm.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/RageClickCapture.DOyW-y1P.js (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/OnePageModal.C3nSj1Nf.js (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/ShopPayVeDVQdwG9J.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/LegacyVauCD1Ine0b.js (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/Rollup.o9Mx-fKL.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/useAmazonContact.D-Ox6Dnf.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/PayButtonSection.DF7trkKf.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/RageClickCapture.DnkQ4tsk.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/ShopPayLoginLoader.CjGSo8kt.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/StockProblemsLineItemList.CxdIQKjw.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/SubscriptBqs0s4oM.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms

Third-Party		Transfer M Size	ain-Thread Blocking Time
assets/ShopPayLogo.D_HPU8D	h.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/Section.sQehCocD.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/PickupPoiC0wRU6wV.	css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
• Avoid long main-thread tasks - 2 I	ong tasks found		^

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks (TBT)

URL	Start Time	Duration
myshopify.com 1st Party		154 ms
/en (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com)	1,357 ms	90 ms
/en (theme-rise-demo.myshopify.com)	1,468 ms	64 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (25)

Hide

Properly size images	^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images. FCP [LCP]	
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images. FCP (LCP)	
Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP [LCP]	
Minify JavaScript	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP [LCP]	
Reduce unused CSS	^
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. [FCP] [LCP]	l by
Reduce unused JavaScript	^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. (FCP) (LCP)

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Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images. [FCP] [LCP]

Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. [FCP] [LCP]

Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more about text compression. FCP [LCP]

Preconnect to required origins

Warnings:

- A `<link rel=preconnect>` was found for "https://fonts.shopifycdn.com" but was not used by the browser. Only use `preconnect` for important origins that the page will certainly request.
- More than 2 `<link rel=preconnect>` connections were found. These should be used sparingly and only to the most important origins.

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. [LCP] [FCP]

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. [LCP] [FCP]

Use HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. [LCP] [FCP]

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats (FCP) (LCP)

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. (FCP) (LCP)

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. Learn more about preloading LCP elements. LCP

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about</u> <u>font-display</u>.

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

img

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. (LCP)

Element

Avoid large layout shifts

These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to <u>windowing</u>. Learn how to improve CLS [CLS]

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more about adopting passive event listeners.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animations</u> (CLS)

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn how to set image dimensions [CLS]

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

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A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.

Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration

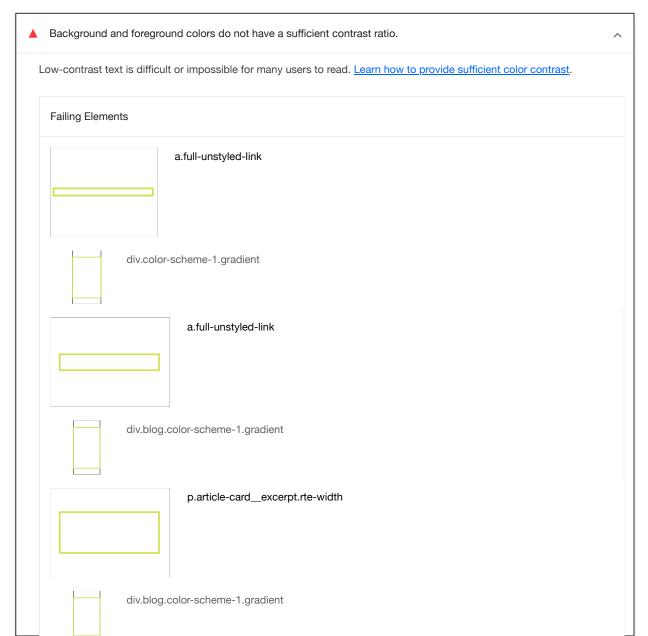
Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. Learn more about the bfcache

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These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

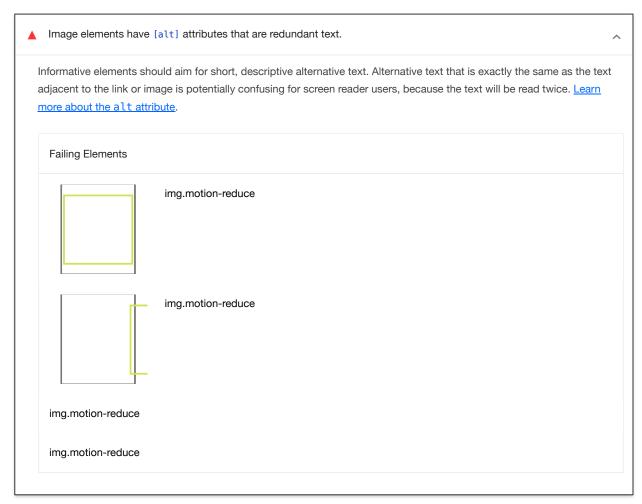
CONTRAST



Failing Elements	

These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

NAMES AND LABELS



These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

O Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls focusable.	
O Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
O The page has a logical tab order	~
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering.	

 Visual order on the particular 	ge follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the ordering.	visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more about DOM and visual	
 User focus is not accie 	dentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and o <u>traps</u> .	out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus	
• The user's focus is dir	ected to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a content.	a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to ne</u>	<u>w</u>
O HTML5 landmark elem	nents are used to improve navigation	^
	ain>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive about landmark elements.</nav>	
O Offscreen content is h	idden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hide	den with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
 Custom controls have 	associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls and labels.	rols have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom	L
 Custom controls have 	ARIA roles	~

Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> review.

PASSED AUDITS (23)

Hide

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[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document

kern how aria-hidden affects the document body.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> about roles and required children elements.

[aria-*] attributes have valid values

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes.

[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag.

ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role

Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.

Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes

Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles.

[role] values are valid

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ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang_attribute.

Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible.

List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements

Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u>.

Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing.

Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order.

Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements

Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles.

Deprecated ARIA roles were not used

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Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles.

NOT APPLICABLE (32)

O [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys.

• button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.

Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.

ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.

O ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name meter elements.

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label progressbar elements.

O [role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.

O Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.

Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.

ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields.

ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

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When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u>.

ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names

When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.

• The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about bypass blocks.

o <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.

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When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn how</u> to structure definition lists correctly.

Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements

Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.

ARIA IDs are unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.

No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.

O <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.

o <html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.

If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

Input buttons have discernible text.

Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons.

O <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.

• Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more ab form element labels.	<u>oout</u>
Links are distinguishable without relying on color.	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.	e for
 Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure.</td><td><u>1</u></td></tr><tr><td>O The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This ma create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.</td><td>ay</td></tr><tr><td>object> elements have alternate text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Select elements have associated label elements. </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.</td><td><u>1e</u></td></tr><tr><td>O Skip links are focusable.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>. </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</td><td>•</td></tr><tr><td>• Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the header attribute.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>O > elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers.

[lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader <u>how to use the lang attribute</u> .	r. <u>Learn</u>
o <video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]</video>	^
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn m about video captions.	<u>iore</u>

100 Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

• Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks		^
A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scrip a CSP to prevent XSS	pting (XSS) attacks. <u>L</u>	<u>earn how to use</u>
Description	Directive	Severity
`script-src` directive is missing. This can allow the execution of unsafe scripts.	script-src	High
Missing `object-src` allows the injection of plugins that execute unsafe scripts. Consider setting `object-src` to `'none'` if you can.	object-src	High

GENERAL

 Detected JavaScript libraries 		^
All front-end JavaScript libraries dete	ected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library de	tection diagnostic audit.
Name	Version	
boomerang.js	2.3.4	
Shopify		
core-js	core-js-global@3.37.0	

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed</u> <u>content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

Avoids third-party cookies

Support for third-party cookies will be removed in a future version of Chrome. Learn more about phasing out third-party cookies.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more</u> <u>about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u> how to provide responsive images.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.

Document uses legible font sizes - 99.54% legible text

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Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text $\ge 12px$. Learn more about legible font sizes.

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Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
myshopify.com 1st Party			
section-footer.css:1	.copyrightconten	t 0.34%	11px
base.css:1	.caption	0.12%	10px
Unattributable			
Legible text		99.54%	≥ 12px
Page has the HTML doctype			^
Specifying a doctype prevents th	e browser from switching to quir	ks-mode. <u>Learn more about the</u>	e doctype declaration.
Properly defines charset			^
A character encoding declaration Content-Type HTTP response hea			oytes of the HTML or in the
No browser errors logged to th	e console		^
Errors logged to the console indic browser concerns. Learn more at			failures and other
No issues in the Issues panel i	n Chrome Devtools		^
Issues logged to the Issues par request failures, insufficient secur for more details on each issue.			
Page has valid source maps			^
Source maps translate minified c Lighthouse is able to provide furt more about source maps.		source maps to take advantage	
URL	Μ	ap URL	
myshopify.com 1st Party			
boomerang/shopify-boomerise-demo.myshopify.com)		boomerang/boomerang-1.0.0.r mo.myshopify.com)	nin.js.map (theme-rise-
Error: Failed fetching	source map (404)		
compiled_assets/scripts.js/ demo.myshopify.com)		.compiled_assets/scripts.js.map emo.myshopify.com)	0?664= (theme-rise-



NOT APPLICABLE (1)

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Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more.



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <u>Core Web Vitals</u>. <u>Learn more about Google Search Essentials</u>. Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

• Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about</u> <u>Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (9)

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.

Links have descriptive text

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.

Links are crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

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Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	alt
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.	
Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.	



Captured at Oct 17, 2024, 5:19 AM GMT+4 Initial page load

Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 12.2.0 Slow 4G throttling

Single page session

Using Chromium 129.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 12.2.0 | File an issue