

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images. [FCP]

	URL	Resource Size	Potent Savin
myshopify.com 1st Party		99.7 KiB	26.1 K
img.banner_media-image-half	files/141417463n.jpg?v=163 &width=750 (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	99.7 KiB	26.1 K
Eliminate render-blocking resources	s — Potential savings of 110 ms		
Resources are blocking the first paint IS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate renc</u>	of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline	e and deferring a	l non-critio
URL		Transfer Size	Potent Savin
myshopify.com 1st Party		11.4 KiB	150 n
assets/base.css?v=1449689	(theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	11.4 KiB	150 r
Serve static assets with an efficient	cache policy – 1 resource found		
A long cache lifetime can speed up re	peat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient car	che policies.	
URL		Cache TTL	Transt Si
myshopify.com 1st Party			17 K
assistant/assistant_n4.bcd3d09	woff2?h1= (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	30d 10h 30m	17 K
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to r	modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB		

URL				Potential Savings
myshopify.com 1st Party				0.1 KiB
assets/shop_events_listener-61fa9e0 demo.myshopify.com)	js (theme-dawn-			0.1 KiB
shop_events_listener3515985	a8cd626.js:1	@babel/plugir classes	n-transform-	
Avoid an excessive DOM size – 1,217 ele	ements			^
A large DOM will increase memory usage, ca avoid an excessive DOM size. TBT	use longer <u>style calcula</u> t	<u>tions</u> , and produce c	ostly <u>layout reflow</u>	s. <u>Learn how to</u>
Statistic	Element			Value
Total DOM Elements				1,217
Maximum DOM Depth	path			23
Maximum Child Elements	ul.list-unstyle	ed.countries		20
O User Timing marks and measures – 11 u	ser timings			~
Consider instrumenting your app with the Us experiences. Learn more about User Timing I	Ū.	re your app's real-wo	orld performance d	uring key user
Name		Туре	Start Time	Duration
wpm:completed		Measure	362.70 ms	589.95 ms
wpm:pixel:register:shopify-app-pixel:app		Measure	602.23 ms	350.29 ms
wpm:pixel:register:shopify-custom-pixel:cu	ustom	Measure	602.53 ms	198.76 ms
shopify.content_for_header.start		Mark	219.18 ms	
shopify.content_for_header.end		Mark	220.95 ms	
wpm:start		Mark	362.70 ms	
wpm:pixel:register:started:shopify-app-pix		Mark	602.23 ms	

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
wpm:pixel:register:started:shopify-custom-pixel:custom	Mark	602.53 ms	
wpm:pixel:register:completed:shopify-custom-pixel:custom	Mark	801.29 ms	
wpm:pixel:register:completed:shopify-app-pixel:app	Mark	952.51 ms	
wpm:pixels:resolved	Mark	952.65 ms	
 Initial server response time was short — Root document took 12 	0 ms		^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because <u>Time to First Byte metric</u> . FCP [LCP]	e all other request	s depend on it. <u>Learn</u>	more about the
URL			Time Spent
myshopify.com 1st Party			120 ms
https://theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com			120 ms
Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 1 180 KiB			•
 Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 1,180 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated and the highly co	ated with long load	times Learn how to	
 Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 1,180 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlative sizes. 	ated with long load	d times. <u>Learn how to</u>	
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correla	ated with long load		
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correla	ated with long load		reduce payload
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correla sizes.	ated with long load		reduce payload rty resources (4) Transfer
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlasizes.	ated with long load		reduce payload rty resources (4) Transfer Size
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correla sizes. URL Shopify Hosting	ated with long load		rty resources (4) Transfer Size 468.4 KiB
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correla sizes. URL Shopify Hosting c1.en/app.D-5-b_fc.js (cdn.shopify.com)	ated with long load		rty resources (4) Transfer Size 468.4 KiB 367.6 KiB
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correla sizes. URL Shopify Hosting c1.en/app.D-5-b_fc.js (cdn.shopify.com) c1.en/VaultedPayment.tQahwz6n.js (cdn.shopify.com)	ated with long load		rty resources (4) Transfer Size 468.4 KiB 367.6 KiB 39.5 KiB
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correla sizes. URL Shopify Hosting c1.en/app.D-5-b_fc.js (cdn.shopify.com) c1.en/VaultedPayment.tQahwz6n.js (cdn.shopify.com) c1.en/OnePage.Bm9ouWWQ.js (cdn.shopify.com)	ated with long load		rty resources (4) Transfer Size 468.4 KiB 367.6 KiB 39.5 KiB 35.9 KiB

URL	Transfer Size
wpm/bf89442e3w5976a1a5pcc3547ffmf63603f5m.js (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	41.4 KiB
collections/Mlouyejpg?v=163&width=750 (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	36.6 KiB
files/Mlouye.jpg?v=163&width=750 (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	36.3 KiB
https://theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com	30.6 KiB
s/trekkie.storefront.a8ef5c2min.js (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	24.6 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests – 22 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.

Maximum critical path latency: 559.128 ms

Initial Navigation

https://theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com

...assets/base.css?v=1449689... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 134.232 ms, 11.43 KiB

...assets/component-slideshow.css?v=1706543... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 138.602 ms, 1.77 KiB

...assets/component-slider.css?v=1403931... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 152.369 ms, 2.23 KiB

...assets/component-list-social.css?v=3579297... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 147.449 ms, 1.16 KiB

...assets/section-image-banner.css?v=1248191... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 144.459 ms, 2.28 KiB

...assets/section-rich-text.css?v=1552501... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 147.459 ms, 1.35 KiB

...assets/component-card.css?v=1203415... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 165.029 ms, 3.06 KiB

...assets/component-price.css?v=7017274... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 164.943 ms, 1.44 KiB

...assets/template-collection.css?v=5855820... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 164.474 ms, 1.39 KiB

...assets/component-rating.css?v=1795777... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 191.577 ms, 1.35 KiB

...assets/component-volume-pricing.css?v=1118700... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 163.681 ms, 1.33 KiB

...assets/quick-order-list.css?v=3838700... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 167.063 ms, 2.85 KiB

...assets/quantity-popover.css?v=7874576... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 182.716 ms, 1.72 KiB

...assets/collage.css?v=1466394... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 185.164 ms, 1.81 KiB

...assets/component-modal-video.css?v=4876295... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 184.473 ms, 1.42 KiB

...assets/component-deferred-media.css?v=1409608... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 184.397 ms, 1.50 KiB

...assets/video-section.css?v=1630924... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 183.158 ms, 1.31 KiB

...assets/section-multicolumn.css?v=8142036... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 185.366 ms, 1.79 KiB

...assets/section-footer.css?v=6139061... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 182.935 ms, 2.38 KiB

...assets/component-newsletter.css?v=4727253... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 182.498 ms, 1.32 KiB

...assets/component-list-menu.css?v=1519685... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 182.665 ms, 1.15 KiB

...assets/component-list-payment.css?v=6925396... (theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com) - 182.161 ms, 1.10 KiB

0	JavaScript execution time -0.2 s			^		
	Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. TBT					
	URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse		
	myshopify.com 1st Party	708 ms	196 ms	17 ms		
	https://theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com	530 ms	49 ms	11 ms		
	internal/preloads.js?locale=en-CA (theme-dawn- demo.myshopify.com)	102 ms	82 ms	0 ms		
	wpm/bf89442e3w5976a1a5pcc3547ffmf63603f5m.js (theme-dawn- demo.myshopify.com)	77 ms	65 ms	6 ms		
	Unattributable	346 ms	4 ms	0 ms		
	Unattributable	346 ms	4 ms	0 ms		
0	 Minimizes main-thread work - 1.2 s 					
	Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work TBT					
	Category		Т	ime Spent		
	Other			601 ms		

Category	Time Spent
Other	601 ms
Script Evaluation	296 ms
Style & Layout	185 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	57 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	33 ms
Rendering	27 ms

Category

Garbage Collection

3 ms

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• Minimize third-party usage - Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn how to minimize third-party impact. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Shopify Hosting	621 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/app.D-5-b_fc.js (cdn.shopify.com)	368 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/VaultedPayment.tQahwz6n.js (cdn.shopify.com)	40 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/OnePage.Bm9ouWWQ.js (cdn.shopify.com)	36 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/index.D2tyUwN2.js (cdn.shopify.com)	25 KiB	0 ms
assets/app.DhZZMK7css (cdn.shopify.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/DeliveryMCja_h1EM.js (cdn.shopify.com)	21 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/polyfills.legWBDja.js (cdn.shopify.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/componentDx0BfsHV.js (cdn.shopify.com)	8 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useGooglePaySdk.BxvAB05f.js (cdn.shopify.com)	6 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/DutyOptions.CEf0d1ES.js (cdn.shopify.com)	5 KiB	0 ms
v0.1/consent-tracking-api.js (cdn.shopify.com)	5 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/PayButtonSection.CoD-K_Af.js (cdn.shopify.com)	5 KiB	0 ms
files/Dawn_logo_x320.png?v=163 (cdn.shopify.com)	4 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/hooks.CQrRZcEg.js (cdn.shopify.com)	4 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useAmazonContact.C6oqlw2E.js (cdn.shopify.com)	4 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/context.CpalKIMI.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/SubscriptDJHII4uT.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
 assets/DeliveryMethodSelectorSection.DNerkzQV.css (cdn.shopify.co m)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/ShopPayLoginLoader.CeZrNdfE.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/index.ObVfO4Pw.js (cdn.shopify.com)	3 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/PickupPoiC4gdu5YI.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/Rollup.BnNdgHzz.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/ShopPayLogo.B4JsEFqf.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/publishMessage.BWfhS1_S.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
assets/VaultedPayment.Bk8Je7sl.css (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/Section.BKF6L94a.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useShowShopPayOptin.HWTtOKeb.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/MarketsPrBnThs9hl.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/StockProbvA6kqCB4.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
assets/OnePage.BL1uXB7css (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
assets/DutyOptions.CtZGmwZL.css (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/useUnauthC02DGeaA.js (cdn.shopify.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/RageClickCapture.vrn_5x3P.js (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/OnePageModal.DcBqng-y.js (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/ShopPayVerificationSwitch.CAxiAssW.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
c1.en/LegacyVauD31Mv223.js (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/Rollup.o9Mx-fKL.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/useAmazonContact.D-Ox6Dnf.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/PayButtonSection.DF7trkKf.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/RageClickCapture.DnkQ4tsk.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/ShopPayLoginLoader.CjGSo8kt.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/SubscriptBqs0s4oM.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/ShopPayLogo.D_HPU8Dh.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/StockProblemsLineItemList.CxdIQKjw.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/Section.sQehCocD.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
assets/PickupPoiC0wRU6wV.css (cdn.shopify.com)	1 KiB	0 ms

• Largest Contentful Paint element – 2,100 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element [LCP]

Element

img.banner_media-image-half

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	Phase	% of LCP		Timing
	TTFB	36%		750 ms
	Load Delay	16%		340 ms
	Load Time	37%		780 ms
	Render Delay	11%		230 ms
0	Avoid long main-thread tasks – 1 long task fou	nd		^
	Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for main-thread tasks (TBT)	or identifying worst contributors to i	nput delay. <u>Learn how :</u>	<u>to avoid long</u>
	URL		Start Time	Duration
	myshopify.com 1st Party			69 ms
	https://theme-dawn-demo.myshopify.com		1,052 ms	69 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (24)

Hide

Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images. FCP [LCP]	
Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP [LCP]	
Minify JavaScript	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP [LCP]	
Reduce unused CSS	^
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP [LCP]	d by

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. (FCP) [LCP]

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images. [FCP] [LCP]

Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. [FCP] [LCP]

Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more about text compression. (FCP) (LCP)

Preconnect to required origins

Warnings:

• A `<link rel=preconnect>` was found for "https://fonts.shopifycdn.com" but was not used by the browser. Only use `preconnect` for important origins that the page will certainly request.

• More than 2 `<link rel=preconnect>` connections were found. These should be used sparingly and only to the most important origins.

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. (LCP) [FCP]

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. [LCP] [FCP]

Use HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. [LCP]

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats (FCP) (LCP)

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

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Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. FCP [LCP]
Preload Largest Contentful Paint image
If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more</u> about preloading LCP elements. LCP
All text remains visible during webfont loads
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about</u> font-display.
Lazy load third-party resources with facades
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. TBT
Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded
Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP]
Element
img.bannermedia-image-half
Avoid large layout shifts
These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to <u>windowing</u> . Learn how to improve CLS (CLS)
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more about adopting passive event listeners.
Avoids document.write()
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

O Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animations</u> [CLS]

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn how to set image dimensions (CLS)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.

Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. Learn more about the bfcache

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Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to <u>improve the accessibility of your</u> <u>web app</u>. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so <u>manual testing</u> is also encouraged.

CONTRAST

Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.	~
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.	
Failing Elements	
h2.footer-block_heading.inline-richtext	
footer.footer.color-background-1.gradient.section-sections15968258162777_footer-padding	

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Failing Elements	
	input#NewsletterFormsections15968258162777_footer.field_input
	label.field_label
inț	out#NewsletterFormsections15968258162777footer.fieldinput

These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

ARIA

• ARIA IDs are unique	•
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.	ļ
Failing Elements	
input#country-filter-input.country-filterinput.fieldinput	
input#country-filter-input.country-filterinput.fieldinput	

These are opportunities to improve the usage of ARIA in your application which may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

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O Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls</u> <u>focusable</u>.

O Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state

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Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
• The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering.	
 Visual order on the page follows DOM order 	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.	
 User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region 	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to avoid focus</u> <u>traps</u> .	
• The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	>
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content.	V
O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	
 Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology 	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
 Custom controls have associated labels 	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels.	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.	

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> review.

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[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> about roles and required children elements.

[aria-*] attributes have valid values

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes.

[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

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Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag.

ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role

Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. <u>Learn more about conditional ARIA</u> attributes.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.

Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes

Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles.

[role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels.

Links have a discernible name

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Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more about proper list structure.

List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements

Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u>.

Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing.

Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. <u>Learn more about touch targets</u>.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order.

Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements

Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles.

Deprecated ARIA roles were not used

Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles.

Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute.

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O [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> more about access keys.

O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.

O Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.

ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.

• ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u>.

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u>.

[role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.

Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.

Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.

• ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields.

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When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name tooltip elements.

ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names

When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.

O The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass</u> <u>blocks</u>.

o <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.

Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements

Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.

• No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.

O <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.

<html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.

If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

Input buttons have discernible text.

Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons.

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0	<input< th=""><th><pre>type="image"></pre></th><th>elements</th><th>have</th><th>[alt]</th><th>text</th></input<>	<pre>type="image"></pre>	elements	have	[alt]	text
\sim	Tupuc	cype image -	01011101110	10010	[acc]	

When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.

O Links are distinguishable without relying on color.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.

O The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.

O <object> elements have alternate text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.

Select elements have associated label elements.

Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about the</u> <u>select element</u>.

• Skip links are focusable.

Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.

Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.

The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers.

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0	[lang]	attributes	have a	ι valid	value
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Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> how to use the lang attribute.

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O <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more</u> <u>about video captions</u>.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scr <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>	ipting (XSS) attacks. <u>L</u>	<u>earn how to</u>
Description	Directive	Severity
`script-src` directive is missing. This can allow the execution of unsafe scripts.	script-src	High
Missing `object-src` allows the injection of plugins that execute unsafe scripts. Consider setting `object-src` to `'none'` if you can.	object-src	High

GENERAL

0	Detected JavaScript libraries		
	All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the p	age. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.	
	Name	Version	
	boomerang.js	2.3.4	
	Shopify		

Name

Version

core-js-global@3.37.0

core-js

PASSED AUDITS (15)

Hide

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Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed</u> <u>content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more about HTTPS.

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

Avoids third-party cookies

Support for third-party cookies will be removed in a future version of Chrome. <u>Learn more about phasing out third-party</u> cookies.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more</u> <u>about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn

how to provide responsive images.			
Hasa <meta name="viewport"/> t	ag with width or initial-scale		
A <meta name="viewport"/> no delay to user input. Learn more abo	t only optimizes your app for mobile s out using the viewport meta tag.	creen sizes, but also preve	nts <u>a 300 milliseconc</u>
Document uses legible font sizes	– 98.8% legible text		
Font sizes less than 12px are too sitted have $>60\%$ of page text $\ge 12px$.	mall to be legible and require mobile v Learn more about legible font sizes.	isitors to "pinch to zoom" i	n order to read. Striv
Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
myshopify.com 1st Party			
section-footer.css:1	<pre>.copyrightcontent</pre>	1.20%	11px
base.css:1	.caption	0.00%	10px
Unattributable			
Legible text		98.80%	≥ 12px
Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the I Properly defines charset	prowser from switching to quirks-mod	le. <u>Learn more about the do</u>	octype declaration.
	required. It can be done with a <met er. <u>Learn more about declaring the ch</u></met 		es of the HTML or in
No browser errors logged to the	console		
	te unresolved problems. They can cor ut this errors in console diagnostic au		ilures and other
No issues in the Issues panel in (Chrome Devtools		
	in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolv / controls, and other browser concern		

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more about source maps.

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

	Show and party resources (1)
URL	Map URL
myshopify.com 1st Party	
boomerang/shopify-boomerang-1.0.0.min.js (theme-	boomerang/boomerang-1.0.0.min.js.map (theme-
dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	dawn-demo.myshopify.com)
Error: Failed fetching source map (404)	
compiled_assets/scripts.js?1526 (theme-dawn-	compiled_assets/scripts.js.map?1526= (theme-dawn-
demo.myshopify.com)	demo.myshopify.com)
assets/search-form.js?v=1331295 (theme-dawn-	assets/search-form.js.map?v=1331295 (theme-
demo.myshopify.com)	dawn-demo.myshopify.com)
assets/pubsub.js?v=1583577 (theme-dawn-	assets/pubsub.js.map?v=1583577 (theme-dawn-
demo.myshopify.com)	demo.myshopify.com)
assets/predictive-search.js?v=1622732 (theme-	assets/predictive-search.js.map?v=1622732 (theme-
dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	dawn-demo.myshopify.com)
assets/localization-form.js?v=1441766 (theme-	assets/localization-form.js.map?v=1441766 (theme-
dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	dawn-demo.myshopify.com)
assets/global.js?v=8855812 (theme-dawn-	assets/global.js.map?v=8855812 (theme-dawn-
demo.myshopify.com)	demo.myshopify.com)
assets/details-modal.js?v=2558167 (theme-dawn-	assets/details-modal.js.map?v=2558167 (theme-
demo.myshopify.com)	dawn-demo.myshopify.com)
assets/details-disclosure.js?v=1365311 (theme-	assets/details-disclosure.js.map?v=1365311 (theme-
dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	dawn-demo.myshopify.com)
assets/cart-notification.js?v=1335082 (theme-	assets/cart-notification.js.map?v=1335082 (theme-
dawn-demo.myshopify.com)	dawn-demo.myshopify.com)
assets/animations.js?v=8869366 (theme-dawn-	assets/animations.js.map?v=8869366 (theme-dawn-
demo.myshopify.com)	demo.myshopify.com)
Shopify Hosting	

URL	Map URL
v0.1/consent-tracking-api.js (cdn.shopify.com)	v0.1/consent-tracking-api.js.map (cdn.shopify.com)

NOT APPLICABLE (1)

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• Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more.



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <u>Core Web Vitals</u>. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

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• Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about</u> <u>Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u> about crawler directives.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.

Links have descriptive text

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.

Links are crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.



Captured at Oct 17, 2024, 4:16 AM GMT+4 Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 12.2.0 Single page session

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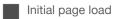
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Slow 4G throttling

Using Chromium 129.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 12.2.0 | File an issue